

Native groundcover alternatives to English Ivy:

Pussytoes (*Antennaria plantaginifolia*)

Carex species (*C. plantaginea*, *C. flaccosperma*)

Green-and-Gold (*Chrysogonum virginianum*)

Mouse-eared Coreopsis (*Coreopsis auriculata*)

Galax (*Galax urceolata*)

Alum root (*Heuchera americana*)

Wild Gingers (*Hexastylis arifolia* and *Asarum canadense*)

Partridgeberry (*Mitchella repens*)

Moss phlox or Creeping phlox (*Phlox subulata*)

Christmas fern (*Polystichum acrostichoides*)

Lyre-leaf sage (*Salvia lyrata*)

Bloodroot (*Sanguinaria canadensis*)

Woodland stonecrop (*Sedum ternatum*)

Stokes' aster (*Stokesia laevis*)

Foamflower (*Tiarella cordifolia*)

Moss (many species)

Deciduous groundcover options: Allegheny spurge (*Pachysandra procumbens*), mayapple (*Podophyllum peltatum*), dwarf crested iris (*Iris crestata*), deciduous ginger (*Asarum canadense*), broad beech fern (*Thelypteris hexagonoptera*), hay-scented fern (*Dennstaedtia punctilobula*).

Native vine groundcovers: Carolina jessamine (*Gelsemium sempervirens*), wood vamp or native climbing hydrangea (*Decumaria barbara*), and Virginia creeper (*Parthenocissus quinquefolia*).

Compiled by Fernbank Museum of Natural History with resources from Georgia Native Plant Society. November, 2015. For more information, contact forest@fernbankmuseum.org